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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3, 2015 / 2016 SESSION

DBS5018 - BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

(All sections / Groups)

30th May 2016 2.30 – 4.30 PM (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENT

- 1. This question paper consists of 11 pages with 4 sections.
- 2. Answer ALL questions for sections A, B, C and D.
- 3. Answers for section A should be shaded on the OMR sheet provided.
- 4. For sections B, C and D, please write your answers in the answer booklet provided.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Each question consists of 1 mark. Answers for this section should be shaded on the OMR sheet provided.

1.	Du act	ring orientation, Rebecca was informed that one of the duties of aivities of others in an organisation.	is to direct the
	A. B. C. D.	manager	
2.	Sha	theizy is a production supervisor who is responsible for ten employed apponents into a finished product. Shaheizy is an example of	es who assemble
	В. С.	top manager non managerial employee middle manager first-line manager	
3.	unc	tilla notices that the company's top management shares the belief the ctly responsible for the organisation's success or failure. This belief the view of management.	nat managers are f reflects to a(n)
	В. С.	traditional omnipotent reflective symbolic	
4.	If th	ne components of an organisation's environment change frequently, the rating in a environment.	e organisation is
	В. С.	stable simple dynamic complex	
5.	the c	a joins an event organised by the International Student Association to exulture of students from different countries. She is trying to become muttitude.	expose herself to ore in
	B. 1	parochialistic polycentric ethnocentric geocentric	
A 13//	ADA /F	O/MIN/ALAC/GDGD (GGT) (A)	Continued

6.	Ray and Roy have realised that decentralised management that uses foreign national culture and preferences to run operations in the host countries works best. Their firm has developed into a organisation.
	A. transnationalB. multidomesticC. borderlessD. global
7.	If the organisation provides day-care facility for employees and uses recycled papers, it could be said to be
	 A. social obligation B. socially aware C. socially responsive D. socially image conscious
8.	At the level of moral development, an individual's choice between right or wrong is based on personal consequences from outside sources, such as physical punishment, reward, or exchange of favours.
	A. preconventionalB. conventionalC. principledD. post-conventional
9.	Gerrard is the owner of a small company that sells corporate gifts through an online store. Business has slowed down in recent months and he realises that the organisation must move in a different direction to survive in the market. He has reset some of the company's overall goals and wants to develop several plans to achieve those goals. He is expecting the business environment to be more volatile for next few years. Considering the above information, it can be determined that his plan must be, and
	 A. operational; directional; rigid B. informal; unwritten; flexible C. strategic; general; rigid D. strategic; specific; flexible
10.	Jenny is discussing with her subordinate Julie regarding the projects that will be handled by Julie in the coming year. Both of them are setting goals and determining the potential of key success of the projects. Jenny and Julie are engaged in
	 A. performance planning B. strategic planning C. management by observation D. management by objective
	Continued

11. Nowadays, fast food restaurants offer variety of burger options to customers and they customers to believe their product is the best because it is stored or prepared exclus Each of these is pursuing a					
	A. B. C. D.	low cost leadership strategy differentiation strategy focus strategy quality strategy			
12.	Dorry majored in Marketing and really enjoyed studying Market Research as a subject. Through research on the Internet and in the university library, she discovered that this industry appears to have significant positive external trends. She interprets this as a(n)				
		weakness threat strength opportunity			
13.		nagers are assumed to use if they make logical and consistent choices to kimize value.			
	A. B. C. D.	evidence-based management bounded rationality intuition positive employee relations			
14.		occurs when decision makers select and highlight certain aspects of a situation le excluding others.			
	A. B. C. D.	framing bias availability bias representation bias confirmation bias			
15.		e line of authority that extends from upper organisational levels to lower levels, clarifying preports to whom, is known as the			
	A. B. C. D.	employee power distance unity of command span of control chain of command			
		*			
		Continued			

16.	Willard has been assigned to a project development team in addition to his regular duties as a quality engineer. During this assignment, he will report to both the project manager and his quality department manager. This situation violates					
	 A. span of control B. unity of command C. chain of command D. the acceptance theory of authority 					
17.	. The structure assigns specialists from different functional departme projects being led by a project manager.	nts to work on				
	A. team B. learning C. boundaryless D. matrix					
18.	One City is an electronic engineering company. The company has no departm of command. The employees need to find a team working on something they f and to which they can contribute. They have to stay with that team until the working move on to another team. One City uses a structure.	ind interesting				
	A. team B. project C. matrix D. boundaryless					
19.	Rafael received an improved result for his last performance appraisal. He was get to make decisions regarding his responsibilities and was actively working with Rafael's employer is using	given authority h three teams.				
	 A. realistic job previews B. human resource planning C. performance recruiting practices D. high-performance work practices 					
20.	Raymond is a Human Resources Manager. He wants to enlighten the potential candidates on the minimum qualifications that they should possess in order to successfully perform the jobs that they have applied for. What should he do?					
	 A. He should create a job description. B. He should perform a job analysis. C. He should perform a job satisfaction survey. D. He should create a job specification. 					
		4:				

- 21. What is the change factor that managers need to pay attention to while increasing the numbers of employed women and minority forces?
 - A. Strategy.
 - B. Workforce.
 - C. Equipment.
 - D. Technology.
- 22. Disneyland Inc. focuses on new ideas, uses new technology that changes frequently and has strong competition in the market. This situation describes what metaphor of change?
 - A. White-water rapids metaphor.
 - B. Shallow water metaphor.
 - C. Falling water rapid metaphor.
 - D. Rapid water metaphor.
- 23. Serena is a Chief Executive Officer of a small company. She strongly believes in Douglas McGregor's assumptions about human nature. Which of the following management practices is Serena MOST likely to adapt in order to maximise employee motivation?
 - A. Top-down decision-making structure.
 - B. Inflexible system of monitoring and controlling employees.
 - C. Participatory management.
 - D. Constructing jobs narrower in scope and shallow in depth.
- 24. The employees at DRB Corporation are complaining that the supervisors tend to neglect the safety features in some departments. The company policies are not enforced properly and some employees are not penalised for safety violations. These employees are complaining about
 - A. motivator factors
 - B. hygiene factors
 - C. intrinsic factors
 - D. extrinsic factors
- 25. Randy is very social, easy-going and friendly. He often leaves his workstation to talk with coworkers. He also volunteers for every team-based project and likes to plan family day activities for his department. Randy has ______.
 - A. low need for safety
 - B. high need for esteem
 - C. low need for power
 - D. high need for affiliation

26.	Leader tends to centralise authority, dictate work methods, make unilateral decisions, and limit employee participation. Which of the following describes this leadership style?				
	A. Authoritarian style.B. Autocratic style.C. Democratic style.D. Laissez-faire style.				
27.	7. Marlyn solicits input from her subordinates before making dec She often praises them for good work and gently offers su performance. Marlyn uses the style of leadership.	cisions that will affect them. aggestions to improve their			
	A. authoritarianB. participativeC. delegativeD. supportive				
28.	as the extent to which a leader has job relationships characterised for group members' ideas and feelings.	f leader behaviour is defined d by mutual trust and respect			
	A. relationship managementB. considerationC. people orientationD. integrity				
29.	. The degree to which an employee identifies with a particular or wishes to maintain membership in the organisation is the employ	ganisation and its goals and vee's			
	A. job involvementB. organisational commitmentC. job satisfactionD. organisational citizenship				
30.	30. Rachela dislikes to convince prospective customers because she believes her products as inferior in the market. However, she has sales targets that she must meet in order to receiv her commission. Although, Rachela tries to meet the targets for all products, she is in dilemma between her beliefs and the actions she must take. This inconsistency incompatibility is known as				
	 A. negative feedback B. difficult objectives C. cognitive dissonance D. management by objectives 				
		Continued			

31.	. The component of attitude is based on emotions.	
	A. cognitiveB. behaviouralC. affectiveD. spiritual	
32.	. For a new project, Elmira forms team of individuals from various functi After a few days, Elmira observes conflicts happens within the group on the control it and what task needs to be done. This team is now in the	e matters who will
	A. stormingB. formingC. performingD. norming	
33.	. Groups that are determined by the organisation chart and composed of individucetly to a given manager are called	viduals who report
	A. command groupsB. task groupsC. cross-functional teamsD. self-managed teams	
34.	Allen is a newly appointed professor at a university. The Head of Departr what was expected from him as a new professor in terms of maintaining classroom and providing students with a challenging course. The Head or referring to Allen's at the university.	discipline in his
	A. roleB. statusC. obligationsD. duties	
35.	Pamela manages the customer service department. She is very happy win customer care representatives who are consistently performing well.	mer feedback was nd. As a manager, y with their work.
	A. decision makingB. negotiationC. motivation	
	D. expressing emotion	
		Continued

36.	During the communication process, the message is converted to a symbolic form. This proces is called					
		decoding encoding interpreting expanding				
37.	wor that	ny sent a text message to Belly telling her that she would come by to pick her up after it so they could go for shopping. Belly however, made other plans in the evening thinking it Jenny was talking about going shopping on the next day. Which of the following BEST lains what went wrong with the communication?				
	A. B. C. D.	Jenny used a wrong channel of communication. There was too much noise in the room when Belly read the message. Belly decoded the message incorrectly. The complexity capacity of text messaging is poor.				
38.	The	e management control that takes place while a work activity is in progress is known as				
		feedforward control concurrent control feedback control reactive control				
39.	Ror	nald prefers to get his performance data in the form of charts and graphs. Ronald prefers				
	В. С.	personal observations statistical reports oral reports written reports				
40.		manager investigates how and why performance has deviated beyond the acceptable range variation, and then corrects the source of the deviation, she is using				
	A. B. C. D.	feedback control immediate corrective action basic corrective action concurrent control				
		[TOTAL 40 MARKS]				
		Continued				

SECTION B: FILL IN THE BLANKS QUESTIONS

Each question consists of 1 mark. Please refer to the table below. Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate answer. Answers for this section should be written in the answer booklet provided.

	Matrix	Physiological	Strategy	Leader	Cross-functional			
Agreeableness Plan		Planning	Unfreezing	Decision	Work Councils			
1.	involves defining the organisation's goals, establishing strategies for achieving those goals, and developing plans to integrate and coordinate work activities.							
2.	The top managers of the corporation are meeting to discuss how they will compete in their chosen markets and how they will attract and satisfy customers. These managers are discussing							
3.	Belinda wants to introduce a new model to the product line. Three models are being developed. Belinda can choose only one. She has decided to focus on target market size, production costs, and net profits. These are Belinda'scriteria.							
4.	Work teams of		duals from various	s functional specia	lties are known as			
5.	A dual chain of command is the key characteristic of the structure.							
6.	are groups of nominated or elected employees who must be consulted when management makes decisions involving personnel.							
7.	According to Kurt Lewin, increasing the driving forces is a means of							
8.	In Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory, needs form the lowest or foundational step in the hierarchy.							
9.	A person who is able to influence others and who possess managerial authority is called a							
10.	375	ve Model of perso od-natured, coopera		refers to th	ne degree to which			
				[TC	OTAL 10 MARKS]			
AAW	//ABA /FO/MHY/NAS	/SBSB/SS/YHS	9/11		Continued			

SECTION C: CASE STUDY QUESTIONS.

Answers for this section should be written in the answer booklet provided.

Mixing It up

Managers at General Mills faced some challenges when it acquired Pillsbury. The company's chief learning officer Kevin Wilde wants the best marketing approach for both organisations. So, they decided to identify, share, and integrate the best practices from both companies. And, employee teamwork played a major role in how the company proceeded.

An intensive training program called Brand Champions was created and launched. The program was designed not just for marketing specialist but for all employees from different functional areas who worked on particular brands. These cross-functional teams attended the inhouse training together as unified group. It helped employees understand and appreciate different perspectives. Another benefit of including people from different functions was improved communication throughout the company. People were no longer griping about what other functional areas were doing. Employees began to understand how the other functional areas worked and mini-version of the course. All employees were able to understand the language marketers speak and why things are done as they are.

And there's another example of how successful the program has been. Betty Croker is well known for packaged cake mixes and loss so for cookies mixes. Inspired by input from the group, the cookies-mix team decided to go after scratch bakers (people who bake from scratch rather than from a boxed mix). As one person said, they were "taking on grandma." The cookie mixes were formulated, and now the brand owns 90 percent of the dry cookies mix category.

QUESTIONS:

a) Based on the above case study, what are the TWO (2) benefits gained from the cross-functional teams?

(2 marks)

b) List at least TWO (2) challenges of creating an effective cross-functional team.

(4 marks)

c) What are the TWO (2) characteristics of effective teamwork? Explain each of them.

(4 marks)

[TOTAL 10 MARKS] Continued.....

SECTION D: STRUCTURED QUESTIONS.

Answers for this section should be answered in the answer booklet provided.

QUESTION 1

a) Briefly explain the differences between centralisation and decentralisation in an organisational structure. Provide any relevant example in real working environment to support your answer.

(4 marks)

b) After manager divide work activities into separate job tasks, common work activities need to be grouped back together so work gets done in coordinated and integrated way. How jobs are grouped together is called departmentalisation.

What are the FIVE (5) common forms of departmentalisation used by organisations today? Provide any example to support each of your answer.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

a) Explain "ethical communication". Provide example to support your answer.

(2 marks)

b) Briefly describe THREE (3) barriers of effective communication.

(6 marks)

c) Communication must flow effectively in every organisation in order to avoid miscommunication. Explain any **THREE** (3) direction of communication.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 3

a) Leadership research in the 1920s and 1930s focused on isolating leader traits - that is characteristics that would differentiate leaders from non-leaders.

Briefly describe any FOUR (4) out of eight traits associated with leadership.

(8 marks)

b) From University of Michigan Studies, identify TWO (2) dimensions of leader behaviour. Explain.

(4 marks)

[TOTAL 40 MARKS]

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